PRICE FIVE CENTS.

AN EMPEROR'S BLACK EYE. NEW VERSION OF THE ACCIDENT TO

WILLIAM IL

It Is faid He Was Knocked Bown on His Yacht by Lieut. von Mahake for Speaking Slightingly of the Ladies of the Lieutenaut's Family-The Suicide of the Young Man.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUL.

LONDON, Sept. 25 .- It is a piece of personal gossip more than serious affairs of state which most discussed just now in circles usually interested in international politics. Ever since the German Emperor received a mysterious black eye during his summer yachting cruise a variety of stories have been afloat about the circumstances of the so-called accident.

It has been known in well-informed circles, ever since the week following, that the death of Lieut, von Hahnke, shortly after the incident, was the direct sequel of the affair. He

anquestionably committed suicide, despite that he was technically responsible for the mishap which made it possible for a disloyal block to swing from aloft and floor the imperial master of the yacht. The Emperor had denounced him before the crew in unmeasure language. The young officer had taken his disgrace so much to heart that he rode off on his bicycle next day and killed himself.

But another and more serious version of the affair is now accepted as the truth by persons in Berlin and elsewhere whose sources of in-formation are of the very best. One of Emperor William's peculiarities is a certain con-tempt for women, which he often makes no attempt to conceal and even seems rather proud of his disparagement of women as inferior to men. This has been the cause of more than one unpleasant incident.

The Emperor was in an unusually supercilious mood on the day of this incident. He was talking with a group of officers on the deck of his racht. Among them was Lieut. Von Hahnke, who was a son of Gen. Von Hahnke, one of the most preminent officers in the German Army. The Emperor, without the slight est regard for the young man's feelings, possi bly forgetting his presence, made a brutal re-mark about the mother and wife of the General. The young men was terribly incensed, and without a moment's hesitation confronted his covereign and knocked him down with a terrific blow with his fist in the eye.

There was awful constanation for the time.

but the details of what happened have not been learned, except that no attempt to punish the young efficer was made. It was speedily real-ized that it would be impossible to deal with him by ordinary legal or military methods without the result that Europe would ring with th scandal, in which the sympathies of the public would be entirely with the chivalrous Lieu tenant. Mevertheless, his prospects, of course were rained, and he soon learned that his father and family were also to be involved in the imperial vengeance. It is not surprising that under the circumstances he decided to take his own life, as he undoubtedly did do. This sensetional story, of course, would be denied if attempts were made to substantiate it. In the highest quarters it is accepted, however, with full credence by those who have the means of knowing the facts, and consider minor visints of confirmation which are curren there is a strong probability that it is substa-

DEPORTING AFRICAN REBELS.

Many Backgroundand Hattver Cont 2,000 Mil

Special Cubic Desputch to Tax Str.
LONDON, Sept. 25.—The benevolent British Surghers have just managed to suppress a na-tive rebellion in Bechuanaland, South Africa, after a prelonged campaign, in the course of which the country was laid waste and atrocities committed the echoes of which are only now be-ginning to be heard in this country. Several thousands of Bechuanas surrendered on the un-derstanding, so fair-minded Englishmen say, that they would be allowed to return to what

This arrangement did not suit the views of the Government of Cape Colony, who resolved that there should never be snother Boohuans

The plan was conceived of hiring these prison ers to the Cape farmers as servants on five years' contracts. So the poor wratches were sent south nearly 1,000 miles from their own country, and are new being scattered about the Colony to the great delight of the farmers, who are getting a supply of cheap labor, and of the Government, who thus gets rid of possible fight-

The Bechuanas are supposed to consent to this arrangement, but it is Hobson's choice for them. To all intents and purposes they have been sold into slavery, and not one of them is likely ever to see Bechuanaland again.

It is right to say that there are Englishmen in Cape Colony who have protested warmly against this shameful proceeding, and intend to bring the matter before the House of Commons. There appears to be little doubt that the Cape Govas acted illegally, and Mr. Henry Fox Bourne, the Secretary of the Aborigines' Prolety, who has taken the matter in hand, will, if necessary, bring a test case before the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, which, in such cases, is the Supreme Court of Appeal provided by the Constitution. Mr. Bourne is particularly bitter in his denunciation of Englishmen in Caps Colony "who now pose as being factors in making slaves of the vistims whom they have not killed off."

There may be something to urge in defence of the policy of the deportation of rebels, but it is not put forward squarely, but is smothered in hypocritical professions of philanthropy.

LOUISE MICHEL MAY COME HERE. the Thinks She Really Coght to Give Us a Large Piece of Her Mind.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. LONDON, Sept. 25 .- Louise Michel denies that she has received an intimation that she will not be allowed to land in New York, and refuses to believe that anybody will interfere should she decide to visit the United States. She has been much moved by the reported shooting of inof-fensive workmen in Pennsylvania, and is inclined to believe that her duty to humanity may require her to proceed to Harleton and Washington and give the authorities a large

Louise is living in the house of a friend in south London, in poor health. It is but a poor short that now remains of the once volcanic revolutionist, and the American Constitution will probably survive even if she should wander from New York to San Francisco and from Chicago to New Orleans.

piece of her mind.

INDIA'S GREAT ACCIDENT.

150 Persons Killed in the Railroad Smash-Up in Southern India.

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUS. Madnas, Sept. 25 .- Details of the railroad disaster on the line running between Bangalore and Mysore received here this morning show that 150 persons were killed. Seventy others escaped death, but fourteen of then

were seriously injured. When the train ran into the demolished bridge and dashed into the river the boiler of the engine exploded, blowing the engineer a freman to atoms. The five cars behind the engine plunged into the flood and most of those who lost their lives were drowned, though some were crushed between the shattered cars-

REFERENCE RICOMMUNICATION. It Is faid the Pope is Not Pleased with the Action of the Bishop of Majoron.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR. London, Sept. 25 .- The extraordinary spec tacle of a Cabinet Minister, even in Catholic Spain, placed under the ban of the Church is naturally attracting a good deal of attention here in England. Catholics appear in some doubt as to the Bishop of Majorca's power to excommunicate Schor Reverter, the Minister of Finance, but a great dignitary of the Church assures THE SUN reporter that there is no doubt about it. This authority says the Bishop was acting strictly in accordance with the canons of the Church, which set forth that any one laying violent hands upon the Church's goods is, ipse facto, excommunicated.

The consequences are serious, materially, because they involve boycotting, and in Spain now any one having personal or business rela tions with poor Reverter will bring himself under the ban. The last person of any distinction against whom the major excommuni

cation was launched was Napoleon I., and a speaks volumes for sower of the hind of the nineteenth century, resort has been had to such a weapon, which, most persons thought, had been taken

out of the Church's armory.

It is known that the Pope was extremely annoved at the course taken by the Bishop of Majorca. Every Bishep has the inherent power and right to excommunicate without reference to Rome, but it has long been tacitly under-stood that the Pope should be consulted before such a grave step is taken in any part of the world against important personages. Such consultation not being obligatory, however, the Holy Father cannot take positive action against the Bishop, notwithstanding his Holiness's opinion that the Bishop acted unwisely and recklessly. It is not unlikely that the Bishop will find himself transferred to another dioces but such a transfer must not be regarded as

It is still uncertain whether the Pope will in terrene officially. He is awaiting the arrival of the Panal Nuncio from Madrid, which will be followed by a general meeting of the Sacred College. It had been hoped that Sefior Reverter would have simplified the solution of the diff oulty by resigning his portfolio, but he stoutly refuses, and his colleagues, for the moment, appear disposed to defy the Church by aiding and sbetting the excommunicated one. The Bishop of Majores has long enjoyed the reputation of being a particularly militant prince of the Church, and he is quite capable of excommunisating the entire Cabinet. It has already been suggested that the Bishop withdraw communication on receiving a private under-taking that Senor Reverter will retire at the end of the year, and negotiations to this end

are understood to be proceeding now.

The incident is opportune in one respect, inasmuch as it has given the populace of Madrid and other Spanish cities something else to get excited about than the eternal Cuban question and it has not improbably averted demonstra tions against the American Legation.

SALISBURY'S MESS OF POTTAGE. Even the Tories Astounded by His Deal with France Concerning Tunia.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 25.-Lord Salisbury's diplonatic methods are once more illustrated by the ical just concluded with France over the question of Tunis; that is to say, he has overcome the difficulty by yielding to the other side. It has long been understood that nothing should sded to France in Tunis unless something of equal value were given by France in conn tion with England in Egypt. New Lord Salisbury has relinquished all of England's treaty rights in Tunis in return for the paltry conce sion of the duties to be levied for fifteen years on British cotton goods. The thing sounds so incredible that the Tory worshippers of Lord aliabury insist there must be something behind. France must secretly have made important conons elsewhere. The record stands, how ever, and France has practically got a very valu-

able something for nothing. Sir Charles Dilks, probably the ablest British statesman as far as foreign affairs are concerned, is positively amazed at Lord Salisbury's folly. He intends to make things lively for Government as soon as Parliament meets.

OHURCH MUSIC.

A Bestro in Rome to Return to Simpler and More Bevetiqual Compositions. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 25 .- An interesting discussion in Rome on the question of church music reveals a strong desire to return to the true church music, namely, the Gregorian chant and the compositions of Palestrina and his school. The ngregation of Rites has frequently revised the rules of the music services, but they have been nugatory, owing to the opposition of the rectors and chapters of the churches, especially he chapel masters.
The famous Jesuit review, Civilla Cattolica.

five years ago made a vigorous campaign against ecclesiastical music in R me, including the Pope's Chapel. The writer, Father De Santi, was silenced at the instance of the chapel masters, organists and singers. It seemed as if the system which had resisted many regenerators, including Lisst, was likely to be perpetuated, but the reformers are now encouraged by the removal of the intolerant Prefect of Rites, who has been succeeded by the friendly Jesuit Cardinal Mazzella,

DISTRIBUTING BREAD AT MASS. 8,066 Reedy Applicants Mvery Day at a Paris

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUR LONDON, Sept. 25 .- The clergy of the church of Sacré Cœur, Paris, distribute a pound of excel lent b ead at early mass to destitute applicants, the sole condition being that they attend the service. The applicants on admission to the chapel receive a prayer book, and after service, on handing back the book as they leave, each receives a pound loaf. The daily average of the number of applicants is 2,000. There are only bout a dozen women and children, the majority being men of advanced years.

INSTRUCTIONS TO BARBERS.

The Sanitary Precautions They Will Be Required to Observe in Paris.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—The sanitary authorities of Paris have induced the Prefect of Police to lasue stringent instructions to barbers, informing them that all metal instruments must be plunged directly after use into boiling, soapy water. All combs of tortoiseabell, ivory or celjuloid must be replaced as far as possible by metal, so as to be more easily cleansed and disinfected. Scissors, razors, clippers and brushes must be kept in a stove and heated to 100° centigrade, or in a receptacle containing a prescribed chemical solution, before use. Shaving brushes must be dipped in boiling water. Instead of powder puffs blowers must be used. Finally, mirdressers must wash their hands before pass ing to another customer.

The Emperor Will Compose Another Piece

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUR. LOWDON, Sept. 25 .- Emperor William threatens te produce a new musical composition. He nade Archduke Frederick the repository of his views on music, literature, and art during lunch on Sunday, when he mentioned that he would shortly compose something.

Systematice Your Business Use Hano Manifold Books. Philip Hano & Co., 668 Greenwich at. Write at once for salesman to call. It may be too lake to morrow.—46s.

BADENI WOUNDED IN A DUEL. PROTECTING THE FUR SEAL The Prime Minister of Austria Likely to Less

WILL ENGLAND DECIDE TO TAKE PART IN THE CONFERENCE?

The British Government Is Talking the Matter Over with Ambanuador May-The Russian Representative Takes a Hopeful View-He Save That Japan Will Also Participate. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 25 .- The official attitude here trengthens the belief that England will object to the participation of Russia and Japan in the Sehring Sea conference to be held in Washing ton in October. Sir Thomas H. Sanderson, per manent Under Secretary of the Foreign Office informed a SUN reporter to-day that the For eign Office would not make any statement, a the matter was still under discussion with United States Ambassador Hay. He would neither confirm nor deny to-day's reports from America that Great Britain had declined to participate in

The secretaries at use Foreign Office admit that the matter has reached a most delicate

The Pail Mall Gacette publishes a repor of an interview had by the Paris reporter of that paper with M. Pierre Botkins, who is en route to the United States as the Russian delegate to the Behring Sea conference to be held in Wash ington. M. Botkins says that the other dele gates to the conference will be Mr. John W. Foster, representing the United States; Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British Ambassador to the United States, and the Japanese Minister

at Washington. "I do not think," M. Botkine is reported a saying, "that there ill whe much difficulty in oming to an agreement. It is to the intere of all the four powers to prevent the disappear ance of the seals. Dr. Jordan and Prof. Thompson, respectively the American and Britian Commissioners appointed to report on the condition of the seal herds in Behring Sea, have collected much valuable information, which ought to enable a prompt understanding to be reached.

"Japan and England being the largest dealera in sealskins should arrange with Russia and the United States to prevent the extermination of the seals. As far as I am able to foresee, the conference will occupy about six weeks and the result will probably be the conclusion of a treaty embodying the various concessions which the powers concerned are inclined to make."

THE BEHRING SEA CONFERENCE. This Government Will Insist That Russia and Japan Participate in It.

Washington, Sept. 25.-It was indicated to-day that the State Department will not abandon the intention to hold a conference of the nations interested in the settlement of the ealing question, despite Great Britain's bluff of withdrawing if Russia and Japan are allowed to participate. Preparations for the meeting are going ahead, and the only effect likely to come from the action of Lord Salisbury will be the probable postponement of the conference. Correspondence has been held with the British Foreign Office about fixing the exact date, but this will be diverted to an effort to induce Lord Salisbury to change his mind in regard to the participation of Japan and Russia. One thing is certain, that the State Department will not agree to confer with Great Britain alone. It will insist on the presence of the representatives of the two other countries, who were appointed in response to an invitation extended by this Government. Japan and Russia_ire quite as much interested as the United States and Great Britain in the seal fisheries, and it would be considered rank discourtery to ask them to withdraw from the conference. The belief is expressed here that Great Britain is not so much concerned over the fear that Japan will side with the United States as she is actuated by an unwillingness to have any new arrangement for the protection of the seals. withdrawing if Russia and Japan are allowed

SIR FRANCIS COOK'S WEALTH. Tennessee Claffin's Husband Divides \$10,000,

Special Cable Despatch to THE BUX. LONDON, Sept. 25 .- Aged Sir Francis Cook who married Tennessee Claffin, is reported to have just divided \$10,000,000 between his two sons in order to cheat the Chancellor of the Exchequer out of the succession duty which would

have to be paid if the money were left as an ordinary legacy.

British millionaires have never forgiven Lord Harcourt for increasing those duties to a point which made them an important source of public revenue. Several of them, and among the numper the Duke of Westminster, have already divided the bulk of their personal estate among their sons and daughters. Sir Francis Cook is reputed to be worth \$20,000,000 even after en-

dowing his sons. ENGLAND IN EGYPT.

s Russin Starting a Movement to Secure British Evacution ?

Special Cubic Despatch to THE SUS. Paris, Sept. 25.—A special despatch from St. Petersburg to the Politique Coloniale says that Count Mouravieff, the Russian Minister of Foreign Affairs, has initiated a European moveent to secure the evacuation of Egypt by Great Britain. According to this scheme, Russia will support the Sultan as Suzerain of Egypt in extending an invitation to the powers to participate in a conference at Constantinopie on the basis of the autonomy of Egypt under the suzerainty of the Sultan and the guarantee of the

A RAILROAD UP SINAL

Efforts to Build a Line from the Red Sea to the Top of the Mountain.

Special Cable Despatch to Tun Sus.
London, Sept. 25.—Efforts are being made to construct a railroad from Tor to the summit of Mount Sinal. The mountain is only accessible

A depot will be erected near the spot where a stone cross was placed by the Russian Empress Heiena, and where, according to tradition, Moses stood when receiving the Commandments. The railroad will also pass the cave in which the prophet Elijah remained in hiding while fleeing rom the priests of Baal,

EFFECTS OF THE DINGLEY TARIFF. Many German Manufacturers Hard Hit by Our New Law.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN LONDON, Sept. 25.-The Frankfurter Zeitung instances many industries which are suffering from the effects of the Dingley tariff. Iron works at Remscheld and the cutleries at Solinge are badly hit. The manufacturers of inferior silks at Crefeld have received their coup de grace. The factories throughout Silesia are iting their output. The manufacturers of finer woollens hope to maintain their ground. but the cheaper cotton prints and woollens are unable to fight the tariff.

Refusing an Asylum to Anarchists Special Cable Desputch to THE SCH. ROME, Sept. 25 .- The Governments of Italy. Germany and Austria are negotiating a convention to refuse an asylum to fugitive An-

The Buke of York Won't Go on a Cruise. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. LONDON, Sept. 25 .- The statement that the Duke of York was to go on a year's cruise as Commodore of a squadron of three cruisers is officially denied.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUS. BERLIN, Sept. 25.—The wife of Count Herbert Signarck has given birth to a son at Schoen-

Special Cable Despatch to THE Stre. VIENNA, Sept. 25.-Count Casimir Badeni Prime Minister of Austria, was seriously wound ed this morning by a pistol shot received in a duel with Herr Wolff, a member of the Reichsrath and of the German National party. The duel grew out of an altercation between the Premier and Herr Wolff in which the latter

called Count Badeni a blackguard. Herr Wolff's bullet ploughed its way along the whole length of Count Badeni's arm, which it is likely, will have to be amputated. Count Radeni's resignation from the offices of Premier and Minister of the Interior is expected.

The Opposition in the Reichsrath yesterday carried a proposal not to elect the forty mem pers provided by the statutes from the Unter haus to the Austrian Delegations until they had settled their outstanding accounts with th

The President of the Chamber admitted four clared that the Government intended to send the House home whenever the Delegations were chosen, and enact the remaining legislation by means of the most absolute orders in the Council without the sanction of a Parliament.

already before the Reichsrath. Later.-Although the wound sustained by Count Badeni is a severe one, it turns out to be ess serious than was at first thought.

The bullet has been extracted, and the sur-

Five motions to impeach Premier Badeni are

geons say that their patient will be convalescent in a week. His condition does not prevent him from transacting urgent business.

Emperor Francis Joseph has sent a message to the Count expressing his warmest sympathy. CUBBENCY REFORM IN RUSSIA.

lanks Compelled to Pay Out 99 Per Cent. In

Gold-The Paper Issue. Special Cable Despatch to Tun Sex. ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 25.-Russia is steadily and thoroughly effecting a reform in her cur reney. The plainly marked fifteen-rouble gold pieces, called imperials, as well as the half imperials that were issued in January, were not readily taken up by the public, which was accustomed to the convenience of paper money. All he banks are now compelled in paying their clients to give 20 per cent, in gold. The Government offices also distribute a large proportion

The readjustment of the gold guarantee for paper was dealt with in the ukase that was issued on Sept. 15. This provided that the gold reserve against credit notes must not be less than half the total of such notes, provided that this total does not exceed 600,000,000 roubles, above which amount every rouble must be fully covered by gold. There have been 1,068,000,00 roubles in paper issued, against 750,000,000 roubles in gold. The State Bank has gold beyond the guarantee amounting to 386,000,000 roubles. A vast amount of paper can therefore be issued if it is required.

GERMANY'S NEW CRUISER. The Fueret Bismarck Launched and a Model of

Special Cable Despatch to Tun Bon. Kirl, Sept. 25 .- The new cruiser Fuerst Bisnarck was launched here to-day, and was christened by the ex-Chancellor's daughter-inlaw, Countess William Bismarck.

Her Presented to the Prince.

After the launching Rear-Admiral Tirpits, Secretary of the Imperial Admiralty, made a speech, in which be said that "Emperor William ordered that this proud ship should bear the name of the greatest statesman of the century, a name inseparably connected with the restora-tion of the Empire, at the sound of which the

hearts of all Germans beat higher."
Subsequently Dr. Miguel, Vice President of the Prussian Ministry, and Admiral Tirpitz vieited Prince Bismarck at Friedrichsruhe and presented to him a magnificent model of the new cruiser the cost of the gift having been subscribed by the navy.

HERR KRUPP'S HOUSEKEEPER.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.
BRUSSELS, Sept. 25.—The sensational story about the marriage of Maria Hussmann the housekeeper of Herr Krupp, to Archduke Franz Ferdinand of Austria proves to have been false. The alleged Archduke arrived in Liege to-day from London, accompanied by Fraulein Huss-mann. It turns out that the man's real name is Dehrend. He was arrested for bearing a false

CANADA CLAIMS A BIG ISLAND. She Hotets the Union Jack Over Baffin Laud

name. After his arrest the woman, who was

not married to him, returned to her home near

Aix-la-Chapelle with her brother.

and Calle It British. St. John's, Newfoundland, Sept. 25 .- What may prove to be an international complication wastrevealed on the arrival here to-day of the Canadian exploring steamer Diana from Hudson Bay. During her cruise there in the past three months she visited Cumberland Sound, the seat of Arctic whale fishery, and hoisted the British flag on the Island of Baffin Land, notifying the residents that the territory was a part of the Canadian possessions. When requested to explain this proceeding to-day the nembers of the expedition said the matter was unimportant and without political signifi-

But it appears that the region has been fre quented by American whalers from New Lonion since early in the century. They established stations there and built permanent structures. Since that time Scotch firms have estab-Nahed two stations there, and the gradual decline of whaling caused the Americans to abandon it, so they sold out to the Scotchmen and closed their station. The territory has never been formerly annexed "though Great Britain's domination has been rather acquiesced in. The Canadians now want to make assurance doubly certain, and so have stolen a march on

Whether the United States will consider the territory worth claiming or whether that country has sufficient grounds for establishing a claim is not for us to say, but Canada has won this trick, The Diana's cruise was quite successful.

KILLED SWEETHEART AND HIMSELF

Arthur May Shoots Miss Kaseman and Then Takes His Own Life.

SHAMORIN, Pa., Sept. 25 .- Arthur May at an early hour this morning shot to death his sweetheart, Miss Cora Kaseman, and then took his own life by sending two bullets into his head. They were lovers. He was 25 years old and she was 18. Miss Kaseman had an admirer in George Uhler, a trolley car conductor. He was acceptable to her parents. May was disliked by them for numerous reasons. May wanted to

them for numerous reasons. May wanted to marry his sweetheart on last Thursday, and her parents, learning of blans for an elopement, kept close watch over her.

The girl retired with the rest of the family at 10 o'clock last night, and at midnight left the house to see May, who had communicated with her, begging an interview. The pair waked along Spurzheim street, on which was a wheelwright establishment. May worked there, and having a key to the office persuaded the girl to enter. About day break miners heard four shots and a woman screaming for help. They hurried there and found the couple dead in a varnish room on the second floor. In addition to shooting himself, May's mouth contained a morphine powder. A knife lay near the throat of the girl. The girl's jugular vein had been cut by the bullet.

Reduced rates for the winter at Hotel Castleton, St.

The President of the Chamber admitted four close to the greater thouse ages on the learning and anti-Semitic speakers deduced to send that the Government intended to send crisis in the situation.

In view of all this eminent Republicans and others have for the last few days discussed among themselves the probability of a compromise candidate. The situation is very similar to that in Brooklyn in 1881, when Gen. Tracy was nominated by the Republicans for Mayor and Ripley Ropes was nominated by the independent citizens. Neither candidate could hope to win against the McLaughlin machine can didate, and so Gen. Tracy and Mr. Ropes withdrew and Mr. Low was made the compromise candidate of all citizens interested in efeating the McLaughlin machine candidate. Many eminent Republicans and their friends have discussed the possibility of a compromise candidate in the present situation, and the man thought to fit the case best has been ex-Mayor Frederick A. Schroeder of Brooklyn. The plan discussed is that after Gen. Tracy is nominated by the Republicans his friends and the friends of Seth Low should get together, and, after a mutual understanding, Gen. Tracy and Mr. Low should both retire as candidates in favor of ex-Mayor Schroeder or of some other equally strong compromise candidate. But it must be said that up to late last night only Mr. Schroeder was discussed as a possible compromise can-

Ex-Mayor Schroeder is at present at Shelter Island. A correspondent of the Brooklyn Times visited him vesterday and discussed with him the plan to make him the compromise candidate in the event of the withdrawai of both Gen. Tracy and Mr. Low. The correspondent of the Brooklyn Times telegraphed to his newspaper that Mr. Schroeder made the following reply in

that Mr. Schroeder made the following reply in writing:

"I will not be a compromise candidate or invited to be. I cannot believe that any one would for a moment think that I am better qualified for the office than either of the men named. I hold that by birth and education either of them is more fitted to fill the Mayor's chair than I. It would be an expedient which should not be thought of. The time for forcing the third party movement upon the people is badly selected. If the leaders of the Citizens' movement and the Republicans are sincere in their expressed opinion of Tammany Hall, why run the greater risk of defeat! The Republican leaders have prevailed upon one of the foremost men in the nation to set saide his personal interests, to sacrifice his comfert and imperil his health, and accept the call of his party is this emergency. In the face of this fact all talk about the control of the machine and objection on that score must cease. Mr. Low should ask to be relieved from the responsibility thrust upon him by the Citizens and cive way to Gen. Tracy. I may state that the leaders of both parties have asked me to accept a place on the city ticket. Let my friends Low and Tracy agree and I may waive my personal preference and comfort and take second place with either of them if desired."

Senator Platt, President Quigg, and other Republicans had many long talks together yeaterday. There will be an important meeting of Itepublicans at the Hotel Manhattan, beginning at 10 o'clock this morning. This meeting if or the publicans at the Hotel Manhattan, beginning at 10 o'clock this morning. This meeting if or the purpose of arranging the details of the convention on Tuesday and also for the purpose of discussing the availability of candidates for Computroler and President of the Council. All the tion on Tuesday and also for the purpose of discussing the availability of candidates for Comptroller and President of the Council. All the drift in the last few days has been favorable to the nomination of Ashbel P. Fitch for Comptroller, and it was the general opinion last night that if it can be ascertained that Tammany is not to indorse Mr. Fitch he will be nominated by the Republicans in their City Convention on Tuesday. It has been said that Mr. Fitch might be indorsed by Tammany after he had been nominated by the Republicans. Many Tammanyites are not favorable to Mr. Fitch's indorsement, for the reason that he has refused to appoint old hack Tammanyites to places in the Comptroller's office. Comptroller Fitch has run his office for the benefit of the city and not for any clique or faction in Tammany Hall. His administration has received the highest indorsement from all classes of citizens, but nevertheless some of the Republicans do not believe that he should be nominated in their convention if he is to be indorsed by the Democratic City Convention on Thursday. Yet, as already said, the drift for several days has been favorable to the nomination of Mr. Fitch by the Republicans.

The following statement, which is not put in the form of a petition or directed to the leaders of either party, has been circulating in Wall street for some time:

"It is the judgment of the undersigned that the financial problems and difficulties necesarily attending the Greater New York consolidation would be most successfully solved by the election of a Comptroller thoroughly familiar with the peculiar duties of his office, and we believe that the financial interests of the city of New York will be best minimized, by the reciection to the office of Comptroller of the present incumbent, the Hon. Ashbel P. Fitch, who has shown by his successful management of that office marked executive ability, combined with conservative business judgment and careful and impartial attention to the interests of all taxpayers. and President of the Council. All the

office marked executive ability, combined with conservative business judgment and careful and impartial attention to the interests of all taxpayers.

Among others who have signed this are: Robert Maclay, President of the Knickerbocker Trust Company; J. Edward Simmons, President of the Fourth National Bank; James T. Woodward, President of the Hanover Bank; J. H. Parker, President of the United States National Bank: H. B. Stokes, President of the Manbattan Life Insurance Company; G. G. Williams, President of the Chemical Bank; James Stillman, President of the National City Bank; C. W. Young, President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company; Francis S. Bangs, President of the State Trust Company; Dumont Clarke, President of the Corn Exchange National Bank; John P. Townsend, President of the Bowery S. vings Bank; William A. Nash, President of the Corn Exchange Bank, and John A. McCall, President of the New York Life Insurance Company. The institutions over which these gentlemen preside have capital and deposits amounting to about \$437,000,000. They are in politics about evenly divided between Hepublicans at their meeting at the litotel Manhattan this morning will also discuss definitely the candidate for President of the Council. The general opinion all along has been favorable to the nomination of R. Ross Appleton of Brooklyn. There is no change in that programme at the moment.

The City Convention will be called to order on Tuesday at 12 o'clock, noon, by President Quing. Two hours before that the City Committee will meet in Carnegle Hall and prepare the temporary roll of delegates to the convention. Sheriff Buttlink is Secretary of the City Committee is no change in that programme. It was said is at night that Edward Lauterbach is to be Chairman of the Counsitee and the convention, and there is no change in that programme. It was said is at night that Edward Lauterbach is to be Chairman of the Counsitee Committee on The Republican Save the Citizens' Union, attended the Astor House conference Committee t

or Tuesday.

The Republican County Convention is to assemble in Lyric Hall on Thursday night at 8 o'clock. The epublicans began to discuss yesterday the names of candidates to be nominated for county offices. For Justices of the

TRACY, SCHROEDER, LOW.

ANTI-TAMMANY CAMPAIGN TAKES
ON A NEW PHASE.

Behroeder Talked Of as a Compromise Candidate for Mayer—He Says No. and Urgs.
Thank Low Retire in Payer of Tracy—Republicans May Nominate Fitch for Comprolied—Appleton for President of the Competition of the Navy, arrived from Saratoga last evening.
He had little or nothing to add to his telegram sent to President Quigg the day before, an which he said that if in the present grave crisis it was the judgment of the Republicans at the Brown of Greater New York he would not resist the judgment of the Convention to nominate him for Mayor of Greater New York he would not resist the judgment of the Convention. Ex-Secretary Tracy has been opposed all along to his selection the publican of Greater New York. Tet in response to the demands made upon him, and in view of the unanimous sentiment favorable to him, he will be nominated in the City Convention of Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy is the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy is the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy is the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy by the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy is the series of Connection to the nomination of Gen. Tracy by the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of an organization Republican will, in the judgment of all interesting the nomination of Gen. Tracy by the Republicans and the unanimity of sentiment favorable to the candidate of Gen. Tracy is the series of Connectic to the condition of the Connectic to the candidate of the Connectic to the condition of the Connectic to the condition of the Connectic to the condition of Gen. Tracy is the condition of the Connectic to the condition of Gen. Tracy is the condition of the Connectic to the condition of the Connectic to the Connecti

EARTHQUAKE IN MAINE.

I'wo Shocks Felt Yesterday in the Eastern Part of the State.

Bancon Me. Sept. 25 .- Eastern Maine felt two earthquake shocks about 1 o'clock this afternoon. The first shock lasted about five seconds. There was a calm for about five minutes, and then a second and a more severe shake was experienced, which lasted for ten seconds. Houses were shaken so severely that in some cases the inmates hurried out of doors in alarm. Stoves and dishes rattled and here and there a chim-

nev toppled over. The motion was from northeast to southwest. It was a quick and sharp concussion and was accompanied by a rumble like that made by a heavy team passing over a plank bridge. The weather was fine and warm. In this city the shock was not so noticeable as it was in the smaller towns.

BELFAST, Me., Sept. 25,-News from Winterport, Brooks, Searsport, Liberty, Burnham, City Point, Swanville, and Waido is to the effect that the earthquake was felt in those places. It seemed to be most severe to the eastward. All this part of the State felt the shock. ROCKLAND, Me., Sept. 25 .- An earthquake

shock was felt here a few minutes after 1 o'clock this afternoon. The shock was felt in all towns in this region and buildings were shaken, but no apparent damage was done, FARMINGTON, Me., Sept. 25.—At three min-

ites past 1 to-day an earthquake shock was felt here. The motion was northeast to southwest and lasted five seconds. BINGHAM, Me., Sept. 25 .- Soon after 1 o'clock this town was swayed so violently by a shock of earthquake that several chimneys were overthrown. A telegraph operator at work was

pitched out of his chair. HE HADN'T SEEN A BICYCLE.

John Duck, an Indian, Gets Ten Years for Sheeting a Wheelman. VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 25 .- John Duck, an old Indian, objected to a bicycle on the historic Cariboo stoge road across the mountains, misrider was flitting down the graded mountain down, but not killing him outright. Duck has been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for his criminal ignorance.

JURORS INDICT THEIR HOST.

Shauaphy Invited Them to His Wedding and Thought They Would Let Him Off. NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Sept. 25.-John Shanaphy, an inmate of the county jail charged with stealing a 500-pound anchor at South Amboy, married Josephine Carson, another inmate of the jail, the other day and invited the members of the Grand Jury, then sitting, to witness the wedding. Justice Housell performed the ceremony and the members of the Grand Jury went to the jail and drank to the health of the

couple. Shanaphy's wife was released, as no bill had been found against her, and Shanaphy expected to be free to-day, but he was amazed when an indictment for larceny was found against him. Shenaphy thought he would not be indicted because of the consideration shown him as a bridecause of the consideration shown him as a bridgroom, but there was so much criticism of the jury's alleged frivolity, that there was a reaction. Shanaphy is very much disgusted because his diplomatic coup did not succeed, and Mrs. Shanaphy, who has been haunting the County Prosecutor's office, is a very much dis-

CHICAGO DRUG MAN MISSING.

cents a New York House, Has Been Killed, CRICAGO, Sept. 25.-R. W. Petty, Western representative of a wholesale drug firm of New York, has disappeared from the Edinburgh Hotel, Twenty second street and Michigan avenue. The police at headquarters are working on the theory that he has been murdered for his money and jewelry. He intended to marry a young woman living at 7510 Greenwood avenue.

Mr. Petty is 55 years old, and has never been married, He arrived in Chicago on June 1, and took up his residence in the Edinburgh Hotel. He seemed to have money in plenty, and frequently showed diamonds and jewelry. On Tuesday Petty, after breakfast, took his satchel and said he was going to his work. He said he would return early. That was the last time he was seen. It is known that he had a large sum of money in his possession. The police at headquarters are working on the

WON'T HAVE GOLD SEALS. Gov. Leedy and Associates Decide to Use Silver Seals on All Documents.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 25.-The free silver issue is decidedly alive in the Kansas Capitol building. To-day Gov. Leedy and all the State officers abandoned the use of gold scals on offiomeers ananoned the use of gold scale on offi-cial documents. Silver scals will be used here-after, including the great scal of the State. Since the days of old John Brown, gold scals have been used. Now the Populist State officers change to silver, and to typify the sixteen to one proportion gold ribbons will be attached to the documents bearing the silver scals.

Skeletons of Two Children in a Chest.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 25.-Workmen who were repairing the roof of an Eleventh avenue tenement house this morning discovered the skelenent house this morning discovered the scene tons of two children in an old chest in a corner. One of the skeletons h d been crowded into a large jar. Appearances indicated violence before death. The second skeleton was wrapped in a piece of ollcloth. Four families have lived in the part of the house where the remains were found during the last two years.

The Rio Graude on the Rampage.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., Sept. 25 -- Advices were received here to-day from points on the lower Rio Grande that that river is on another rampage. and there will be increased loss of crops in the valley. There have been already a number of changes in the bed of the river, and in one place a large tract of land formerly on the Mexican side has been added to the United States possessions.

Thirty Prisoners Shot in Mexico.

SAN LIUS POTOSI, Mexico, Sept. 25 .- Several days ago thirty professional criminals who had been confine in prison here for some time were escorted to a point west of here on the Mexican Central Railroad and all were shot to death.

The Talk of the Youn. Simpson's new Loan Office and Safe Deposis Vaults, 168 West 42d st., near Broadway.—4dm.

CROKER BACK FOR THE WAR

SAYS M'LAUGHLIN DEMOCRATS CAN'T HAVE THE COMPTROLLER.

tion Says That Jones Isn't Meddling, and That Jones Says Bryan Isn't- t Orndyined Chicago Pintform - Brooklyn Democrate

Have an All-Day Dissatisfaction Meetings Mr. Sheehan and the other Tammany leaders are not disturbed by the kicks and threats of the Brooklyn machine leaders. They are satisfied that it will be impossible for the McLaughlin men to bolt, and are absolutely confident the they will get back into the traces when they find that their kicking has been of no avail. Mr. Sheenan asserted yesterday that there has been no change in the situation, and that Tammany intends, as it has all along, to name the candidates for Mayor and Comptroller on the Demo-

cratic city ticket. yesterday to resume supervision of Tamman politics, considered the Brooklyn division with complacency. He would not discuss it, but he said practically that Tammany would nominate the candidate for Comptroller, which indicates how little he cares for the threats of the Kings county men.

Mr. Croker came to town from Chicago over the New York Central Railroad last evenium. He was met at the Grand Central Station by his partner, Peter F. Meyer, who dined with him as the Murray Hill, where Mr. Croker will remain until after the election. The Tammany leader had been away for more

than a week. He went first to Lexington, Ky. to look after some mining stock, and later vis

to look after some mining stock, and later visto look after some mining stock, and later vistiled the Belle Meade Stock Farm at Nashville,
in the get of which he has an interest. Then he
repaired to Chicago to attend the wedding of
State Senator Jacob A. Cantor. Mr. Croker saw
Senator James K. Jones of Arkansas, Charmas
of the National Democratic Committee, at Chicago and had a long talk with him.

"I had a very pleasant interview with Senator
Jones," said he. "Of course we talked politics,
and we talked New York city politics in particular. Senator Jones told me that neither he
nor Mr. Bryan has any desire to, or any
intention of, interfering in the campasign
in this city. He said that both he and
Mr. Bryan are satisfied that what the
Democracy of this city does will be what is right
and proper to be done. He added that he is narticularly desirous of Democratic success in New
York city and declared his belief that the local
leaders of the party know better how to achieve
success than cither Mr. Bryan himself or any
other of the national leaders."

Mr. Croker said that a story that Bryan had
been invited to meet him and had refused to de
so was untrue. He said that there is no reason
why Mr. Bryan should not see him, and for himself, he would like to meet the national leader
of the party at any time.

He would say nothing about the local situation further than to ask; "What, the Republleans too I" when the rumor about the possible
nomination of Comptroller Fitch by the Republean City Convention was called to his attention.

Mean City Convention was called to his attention.

After dinner John F. Carroll of the Tammany Hall Finance Committee and Senator Thomas F. Grady of the Committee on Resolutions called and consulted with Mr. Croker. They taked with him about the tentative draft of the Tammany platform, which, it is said, Senator Grady had with him for submission to his chief.

There is no line reaffirming the Chicago platform in this draft. It simply takes some of the issues of the Chicago platform and tries to make local application of them. In this way the condemnation of the Supreme Court, the free sliver plank and any direct reference to the Chicago declaration of principles is sought to be evaded.

BROOKLYN DEMOCRATS SORE. They Recent Sheehan's Grab for Both Mayore

alty and Comptrollership. Hugh McLaughlin was in almost constant conference with his lieutenants yesterday. The confats took piace in the back room of the old Willoughby street sucti n rooms, which has long been Mr. McLaughlin's favorite headquarters. The only outsider admitted to the conferences was "Breeze," Mr. McLaughlin's favorite setter, who is never a moment from his side. Recent political developments, bringing Brooklyn into the arena with Tammany Hall, have somewhat disturbed the characteristic equanimity of the septuagenarian Democratic manager, and he has admitted to some of his close and confidential friends that he is beginclose and confidential friends that he is beginning to feel the strain. The threatened serious scrap with Tammany Hall through its refusal to concede either the Mayoralty or Comptrollership nomination to Brooklyn was projected while Mr. McLaughim was trying hard to adjust the differences and rivairies between his own of the county offices. When he came back from his summer sojourn on the shores of Peconic Bay in the full glow of health there were no indications whatever that there would be any friction with the organization on this side of the river.

Bay in the full glow of health there were no indications whatever that there would be any friction with the organization on this side of the river.

Indeed, Mr. McLaughlin had all along received assurances that Tammany Hall and the Brooklyn Democracy would march along shoulder to shoulder in solid phalanx for the capture of the control of the Greater New York. It is understood that in the interest of harmony Me. McLaughlin himself was at first willing to accede to the demands of Tammany Hall for the Mayor and Compuroiler, and that he did not determine on a hostile course until the district should have one or the other of these offices, Yesterday there were some further messere exchanged between Mr. Sheeban and Mr. McLaughlin, but so far as could be learned there was no change in the situation.

"Tammany Hall," one of Mr. McLaughlin's lieutenatts said, "greatly overestimates the strength in this campaign. Mr. Sheeban boast that it will poil a majority of over 80,000 without any assistance from the other Damocratic organizations is sheer nonsense. We are fully convinced that this is not going to be a walkover, and that the Democratic forces must be solidited all along the line. We have in Brooklyn an enrolled Democratic list of every 55,000 and are better organized than ever before in our history. We realize that to hold our forces together we must get a fair recognition in the City Convention. This cannot be done unless the nomination for Mayor or Comptroller comes our way. We can furnish half a dozen men to fill the bill for elther office, and Mr. Sheehan deliver of the other offices to be accided merely to gratify Tammany Hall, and there will be serious trouble if Mr. Sheehan determines to carry out his programme. As to the question of a possible bolt from the convention, that has not been even considered as yet, and is not likely to be. I am confident our difficulties with Tammany Hall will be satisfactorily and in Brooklyn for the nomination for Mayor of the satisfactorily and there will be serious trouble i

with Tammany Hall will be satisfactorily adjusted in some way."

There is a bot triangular fight in progress in Brooklyn for the nomination for there if between Patrick Hayes, the Warden of the penitentiars; ex-Police Justice Henry F. Haggerty, and Frank Creamer, and if it is kept up till the close they will enter the convention with almost equal delegations. It is understood that Mr. McLaughlin has so far carefully refrained from expressing any preference.

with almost equal delegations. It is understood that Mr. McLaughlin has so far carefully refrained from expressing any preference, and has also promised that the convention will be an open one, the rich prize to be carried off by the man who has the majority of delegates behind him. Yesterlay at, effort was made to draw Mr. McLauhglin out and to impress him with the strength of Patrick Hayes.

"The Big Four"—Senator Coffey, John Desmar, Daniel Ryan, and Alderman McGarry-accompanied by Mr. Hayes himself and ex-Assemblyman Thomas F. Farrell, called upon Mr. McLaughlin in the interest of the penitentiary Warden. Mr. McLaughlim, it was said, was told that the rank and file of the organization wanted Mr. Hayes nominated, and that his turning down would not redound to the party benefit in the great campaign. It is understood that Mr. McLaughlin refused to commit himself one way or the other, but Mr. Hayes's friends were evidently disappointed over the result of their mission, and do not expect to be able to land him in the Sheriff's office. The probabilities all point to the retrement of Messrs. Hayes, Hayserty, and Cresmer from the race and the nomination of Civil Justice Neu as a compromise candidate.

Mr. Croker to Place Eutries in the Chicage.

Horse Show.

CHICAGO, Sept. 25 .- Richard Croker's visit to Chicago to act as best man at the wedding of this friend. Senator Cantor, may result in some fine additions to the exhibits at the coming horse show here in November. The directors of the show, which is to be hold at the Great Colliseum building, have conferred with Mr. Croker, and he has practically promised that he will have a number of entries from the Belle Meade Farm in the Kentucky blue grass region, in which he owns a half interest.

Linen used in the making of our collars and cuffs is finer in count, heavier in weight, and greater in atrength than any other. Hemember this, pieses. E.A.W.